

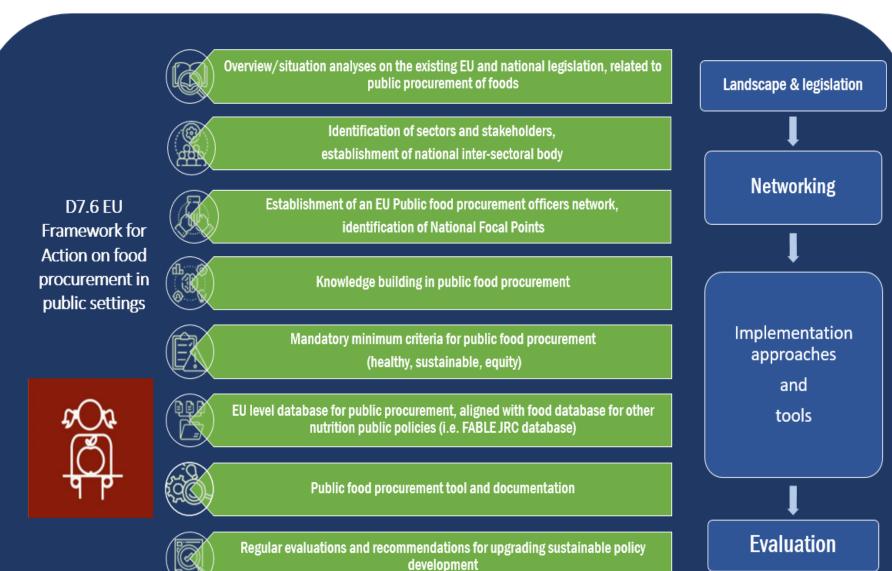
# WP7 Framework for action in PFP

Work Package 7 - Public procurement of food in public institutions: a pilot EU approach

WP7 webinar, 18th May 2023









#### **Key steps of the WP7 Framework scheme**

- 1. Overview/situation analyses on the existing EU and national legislation, related to public procurement of foods
- Exploring the PFP landscape and legislation in individual countries, focusing on what works and what doesn't.
- 2. Identification of sectors and stakeholders & establishment of the national intersectoral body
- Exploration should be extended to networking, followed by the establishment of the national inter-sectoral body. Simultaneous engagement of different stakeholder groups can have multiple advantages.
- 3. Establishment of an EU Public food procurement officers' network, identification of National Focal Points
- Extending networking to other MS by participating in the EU PFP network and appointing the national contact point person
- 4. Knowledge building in public food procurement
- Enhancing information sharing, fostering stronger sectoral cooperation and facilitating more frequent collaborative gatherings, building capacity and knowledge on PFP



## 5. Mandatory minimum criteria for public food procurement (healthy, sustainable, equitable)

 minimum criteria for PFP which covers aspects of health, sustainability and equity should be set, as voluntary measures may prove inadequate

## 6. EU-level database for public procurement, aligned with food database for other nutrition public policies (i.e. FABLE JRC database)

- essential to clearly define the purpose and goals of the database and to determine the most efficient method of collecting and updating data
- EU-level database should be integrable with existing local databases

#### 7. Public food procurement tool and documentation

 An ideal PFP tool - easy to use, available in various languages, adaptable to local context; freely available; up to date; it should incorporate a comprehensive range of filters, criteria, and requirements, enabling users to customize and apply specific parameters according to their needs; it should benefit all stakeholders etc.

## 8. Regular evaluations and recommendations for upgrading sustainable policy development

establish sufficiently higher-level goals that serve as general targets, while still affording
Member States and local experts the autonomy to customize these goals



#### World café

Discussion on Best-ReMaP policy analysis and WP7 framework results

Work in groups



- General comments on the WP7 Framework and/or on individual points (key steps) of the Framework
- **Short SWOT analysis** on expected WP7 framework implementation

S – strengths; W – weaknesses → from our perspective

O – opportunities; T – threats)

→ from the external perspective

One "spokesperson" from each group to report back to all participants of the webinar after the group discussions